Audited Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

Borough of Orwigsburg

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Borough Council Borough of Orwigsburg Orwigsburg, Pennsylvania

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Borough of Orwigsburg, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Borough of Orwigsburg's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Borough of Orwigsburg, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Borough of Orwigsburg, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Changing Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended December 31, 2022, the Borough adopted new accounting guidance, *GASBS No. 87, Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Borough of Orwigsburg, Pennsylvania's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Borough of Orwigsburg, Pennsylvania's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Borough of Orwigsburg, Pennsylvania's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison and schedules related to pension and OPEB liabilities on Pages 42 through 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing

the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Borough of Orwigsburg, Pennsylvania's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Carlisle, Pennsylvania Company, LLC

July 14, 2023

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities		Totals
ASSETS		Activities	
Current assets	4 700 464		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,782,464 213,791	\$ 790,469	
Taxes receivable, net of allowance Accounts receivable, net of allowance	100	472,124	213,791 472,224
Escrow receivable	29,570	4/2,124	29,570
Leases receivable	24,068		24,068
Internal balances	(6,506)	6,506	
Prepaid expenses	10,734	7,729	18,463
Total current assets	2,054,221	1,276,828	3,331,049
Noncurrent assets			
Leases receivable	73,904	-	73,904
Capital assets not being depreciated			
Land	377,134	84,612	461,746
Construction in progress	1,279,121	2,936,357	4,215,478
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation/amortization			
Buildings and improvements	909,474	800,875	1,710,349
Land improvements	334,583	-	334,583
Equipment	138,258	191,031	329,289
Recreation assets	99,930		99,930
Sewer plant	-	2,790,504	2,790,504
Sewer line improvements	-	797,006	797,006
Vehicles	64,249	44,477	108,726
Water distribution system	-	3,079,099	3,079,099
Right-to-use asset - equipment	1,914	3,828	5,742
Restricted cash	1 550 557	3,572,658	3,572,658
Net pension asset	1,558,557	35,959	1,594,516
Total noncurrent assets	4,837,124	14,336,406	19,173,530
Total assets	6,891,345	15,613,234	22,504,579
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pension asset	214,176	113,029	327,205
Deferred outflows related to OPEB liability	866		866
Total deferred outflows of resources	215,042	113,029	328,071
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 7,106,387	\$ 15,726,263	\$ 22,832,650
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 81,287	\$ 166,285	\$ 247,572
Accrued payroll withholdings	40,747	4,057	44,804
Accrued interest payable	3,117	83,101	86,218
Escrow payable	46,691	-	46,691
Unearned revenue	48,273	-	48,273
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year			
Bonds and notes payable, net	713,975	345,714	1,059,689
Lease obligations	532	1,064	1,596
Compensated absences	58,414	40,522	98,936
Total current liabilities	993,036	640,743	1,633,779
Noncurrent liabilities			
Long-term liabilities: Due in more than one year			
Bonds and notes payable, net	435,068	10,246,701	10,681,769
Compensated absences	58,414	40,522	98,936
Lease obligations	1,432	2,864	4,296
Total OPEB liability	59,284		59,284
Total noncurrent liabilities	554,198	10,290,087	10,844,285
Total liabilities	1,547,234	10,930,830	12,478,064
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to leases receivable	92,827	-	92,827
Deferred inflows related to pension asset	635,912	238,071	873,983
Deferred inflow related to OPEB liability	7,994		7,994
Total deferred inflows of resources	736,733	238,071	974,804
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,053,656	3,704,104	5,757,760
	2,033,030		· ·
Restricted	1,530,924	-	1,530,924
Restricted Unrestricted		- 853,258	1,530,924 2,091,098
	1,530,924	853,258 4,557,362	
Unrestricted	1,530,924 1,237,840		2,091,098

							N	let (Expense) Revenue and C Position	han	ges in Net
				am Revenu				Pr	imary Governm	ent	
		61 6		perating	Capital Gra	ants			.		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		rants and	and Contributi	ione		vernmentai Activities	Business-type Activities		Total
Primary government	Expenses	3ei vices	Con	iu ibutions	Contributi	10115		Activities	Activities		Total
Governmental activities											
General government	\$ 346,597	\$ 126,778	\$	109,453	\$	_	\$	(110,366)	\$ -	\$	(110,366)
Public safety	723,280	42,852		24,288	Ψ	_	Ψ	(656,140)	· -	Ψ	(656,140)
Public works - highways	508,527	10,194		103,765		_		(394,568)	_		(394,568)
Culture and recreation	277,333	10,171		155,469	56	,000		(65,864)	_		(65,864)
Interest expense	19,327	_		-	50,	-		(19,327)	_		(19,327)
•	1,875,064	179,824		392,975		.000		(1,246,265)			(1,246,265)
Total governmental activities	1,875,064	179,824		392,975	56,	000		(1,246,265)		_	(1,246,265)
Business-type activities											
Water	728,782	795,323		-		-		-	66,541		66,541
Sewer	805,245	872,986		-		-		-	67,741		67,741
Sanitation	397,859	388,672		-		-		_	(9,187)		(9,187)
Total business-type activities	1,931,886	2,056,981						-	125,095		125,095
Total primary government	<u>\$ 3,806,950</u>	\$ 2,236,805	\$	392,975	\$ 56,	,000		(1,246,265)	125,095		(1,121,170)
	General revenu	ies and transfer	·s:								
	Taxes:										
	Property taxe	s, levied for gene	ral pur	poses				738,373	-		738,373
	Fire tax							69,365	-		69,365
	Real estate tra	ınsfer tax						84,161	-		84,161
	Earned incom	e tax						522,610	-		522,610
	Other taxes							102,081	-		102,081
	Investment ear	nings						9,114	71,487		80,601
	Miscellaneous i	ncome						5,540	1,751		7,291
	Gain (loss) on d	lisposal of capital	lasset					90,000	(320,163)		(230,163)
	Transfers							(82,775)	82,775		-
	Total genera	l revenues and tr	ansfer	s				1,538,469	(164,150)		1,374,319
	Change in r	net position						292,204	(39,055)		253,149
	Net position - be	ginning, as restate	ed					4,530,216	4,596,417		9,126,633
	Net position - en						\$	4,822,420	\$ 4,557,362	\$	9,379,782
		S					-	,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	÷	.,,

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	Ger	ieral Fund	Re	Capital serve Fund	N	lonmajor Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	251,232	\$	1,403,066	\$	128,166	\$	1,782,464
Taxes receivable, net		210,188		-		3,603		213,791
Escrows receivable		29,570		-		-		29,570
Leases receivable		97,972						97,972
Other receivables		100						100
Due from other funds		300		-		28		328
Prepaid items		10,734						10,734
Total assets	\$	600,096	\$	1,403,066	\$	131,797	\$	2,134,959
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	75,823	\$	8,581	\$	-	\$	84,404
Escrows payable		46,691		-		-		46,691
Due to other funds		6,834		-		-		6,834
Accrued wages, benefits and withholdings		40,747		-		-		40,747
Unearned revenue		48,273						48,273
Total liabilities		218,368		8,581				226,949
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Leases		92,827		_		_		92,827
Unavailable tax revenue		57,945		_		1,617		59,562
Total deferred inflow of resources		150,772	_		_	1,617		152,389
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		10.734		_		_		10,734
Restricted		6,259		1,394,485		130,180		1,530,924
Committed		87,086				-		87,086
Unassigned		126,877		_		_		126,877
Total fund balances		230,956		1,394,485		130,180		1,755,621
		230,930		1,374,403		130,100		1,733,021
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	600,096	\$	1,403,066	\$	131,797	\$	2,134,959

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

Total fund balance - governmental funds		\$ 1,755,621
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position:		
Cost of assets	4,829,565	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1,624,902)	
		3,204,663
Taxes receivable will be collected in the future, but are not available soon enough to pay		
for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are not recorded in the fund financial statement.		59,562
manciai Statement.		39,302
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included		
in the fund balance sheet, but are included in the governmental activities of the		
Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and		
outflows of resources consist of:		
Note payable	(1,149,043)	
Compensated absences	(116,828)	
Lease obligations	(1,964)	
Net pension asset (liability)	1,558,557	
Deferred outflows related to pension asset	214,176	
Deferred inflows related to pension asset	(635,912)	
Total OPEB liability	(59,284)	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB liability	866	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB liability	(7,994)	
		 (197,426)

Total net position - governmental activities

\$ 4,822,420

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Ge	neral Fund	Capital serve Fund	ľ	lonmajor Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	1,443,588	\$ -	\$	69,449	\$	1,513,037
Licenses and permits		68,353	-		-		68,353
Local support		2,050	56,000		-		58,050
Fines and forfeits		36,342	-		-		36,342
Interest and rents		50,727	2,503		38		53,268
Intergovernmental		266,639	-		126,003		392,642
Charges for services		30,275	-		-		30,275
Miscellaneous		5,081	90,100				95,181
Total revenues		1,903,055	 148,603		195,490		2,247,148
EXPENDITURES							
General government		374,989	346,062		437		721,488
Public safety							
Police department		684,643	47,831		-		732,474
Emergency services		35,000	-		27,608		62,608
Planning and zoning		54,950	-		-		54,950
Public works							
Highways		419,743	600		122,893		543,236
Other		12,681	-		_		12,681
Culture and recreation		939,223	47,070		-		986,293
Debt service		31,808	 9,138		-		40,946
Total expenditures		2,553,037	 450,701		150,938	_	3,154,676
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		(649,982)	 (302,098)		44,552		(907,528)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		659	-		-		659
Proceeds from long-term debt		691,000	425,000		-		1,116,000
Note issue costs		-	(6,578)				(6,578)
Transfers in		40,250	122,849		-		163,099
Transfers out		(147,849)	 (98,025)	_			(245,874)
Total other financing sources (uses)		584,060	 443,246		-		1,027,306
Net change in fund balances		(65,922)	141,148		44,552		119,778
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		296,878	 1,253,337		85,628	_	1,635,843
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	230,956	\$ 1,394,485	\$	130,180	\$	1,755,621

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 119,778
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense differs from capital outlays in the period: Depreciation/amortization expense Capital outlays	(158,250) 1,255,055	1,096,805
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned.	2,236	2,236
Governmental funds report the issuance of debt as current financial resources and the payment of debt principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance/repayments as additions/reduction in long-term liabilities: Issuance of long term obligation Repayment of lease obligations - principal Repayment of long term obligations	(1,116,000) 510 21,711	(1,093,779)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the difference between the amount incurred and the amount paid of:		
Net pension asset/(liability) and related deferred outflows and inflows Total OPEB liability Compensated absences	180,975 (62) (13,749)	 167,164
Change in net position - governmental activities		\$ 292,204

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

	Enterprise Funds						
-	Sewer		Water		Sanitation		Total
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 507,777	\$	248,598	\$	34,094	\$	790,469
Accounts receivable, net	242,042		211,314		18,768		472,124
Due from other funds	-		2,310,860		-		2,310,860
Prepaid expenses	3,581		3,637		511	_	7,729
Total assets	753,400	_	2,774,409	_	53,373	_	3,581,182
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Construction in progress	2,934,757		1,600		-		2,936,357
Land	39,532		45,080		-		84,612
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:							
Buildings and system	1,611,930		-		-		1,611,930
Equipment	215,221		163,022		-		378,243
Sewer plant	7,431,425		-		-		7,431,425
Vehicles	44,854		46,854		-		91,708
Water distribution system	-		8,656,290		-		8,656,290
Right-to-use asset - equipment	2,474		2,474		-		4,948
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	(4,941,578))	(5,526,146)		-		(10,467,724)
Net pension asset	11,063		20,328		4,568		35,959
Restricted cash	3,572,658					_	3,572,658
Total noncurrent assets	10,922,336	_	3,409,502	_	4,568	_	14,336,406
Total assets	11,675,736		6,183,911	_	57,941	_	17,917,588
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to pension asset	35,737		62,552		14,740	_	113,029
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 11,711,473	\$	6,246,463	\$	72,681	\$	18,030,617
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
1 7	\$ 136,070	\$	28,549	\$	1,666	\$	166,285
Accrued wages payable	2,544		1,513		-		4,057
Accrued interests payable	52,283		30,818		-		83,101
Due to other funds	2,304,354		-		-		2,304,354
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year							
Bonds and notes payable, net	193,521		152,193		-		345,714
Compensated absences	16,542		16,542		7,438		40,522
Lease obligations	532		532			_	1,064
Total current liabilities	2,705,846		230,147		9,104	_	2,945,097
Noncurrent liabilities Long-term liabilities: Due in more than one year							
Bonds and notes payable, net	6,372,815		3,873,886				10,246,701
Compensated absences	16,542		16,542		7,438		40,522
Lease obligations	1,432		1,432		7,430		2,864
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,390,789	_	3,891,860	_	7,438	_	10,290,087
Total liabilities	9,096,635		4,122,007		16,542		13,235,184
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	93,708		110 474		25 000		220.071
Deferred inflows related to pension asset	93,708	_	118,474	_	25,889	-	238,071
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	2,980,022		724,082		-		3,704,104
Unrestricted	(458,892))	1,281,900		30,250	_	853,258
Total net position	2,521,130	_	2,005,982	_	30,250	_	4,557,362
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	¢ 11 711 472	¢	6246462	¢	72 601	ď	10 020 617
net position	\$ 11,711,473	\$	6,246,463	\$	72,681	\$	18,030,617

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position -**Proprietary Funds** Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Enterprise Funds							
		Sewer		Water		Sanitation		Total	
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	872,986	\$	795,323	\$	388,672	\$	2,056,981	
Total operating revenues		872,986		795,323		388,672		2,056,981	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personal services		82,453		161,242		23,859		267,554	
Contractual and professional services		69,947		101,393		363,571		534,911	
Maintenance		72,687		28,416		-		101,103	
Supplies and administrative expense		62,542		77,226		10,429		150,197	
Insurance premiums		8,698		10,672		-		19,370	
Utilities		54,834		35,407		-		90,241	
Depreciation		207,521		258,097				465,618	
Total operating expenses	_	558,682		672,453		397,859		1,628,994	
Operating income (loss)		314,304		122,870		(9,187)		427,987	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Interest earnings		71,416		71		-		71,487	
Other nonoperating revenues		1,425		326		-		1,751	
Gain/(loss) on sale of capital assets		(320,163)		-		-		(320,163)	
Bad debt expense		(4,000)		-		-		(4,000)	
Interest expense		(242,563)		(56,329)		-		(298,892)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(493,885)		(55,932)				(549,817)	
Income (loss) before transfers		(179,581)		66,938		(9,187)		(121,830)	
Transfers in		2,028,208		2,266,618		53,000		4,347,826	
Transfers out		(2,064,878)		(2,200,173)		-		(4,265,051)	
Change in net position		(216,251)		133,383		43,813		(39,055)	
Total net position - beginning, as restated		2,737,381		1,872,599		(13,563)		4,596,417	
Total net position - ending	\$	2,521,130	\$	2,005,982	\$	30,250	\$	4,557,362	

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022

				Enterpri	se l	Funds		
		Sewer		Water		Sanitation		Total
Cash flows from operating activities								
Receipts from customers	\$	872,983	\$	796,562	\$	382,645	\$	2,052,190
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(180,320)		(240,031)		(372,799)		(793,150)
Payments to and on behalf of employees		(98,965)		(200,303)		(32,378)		(331,646)
Payments for interfund services used				-		-		
Net cash provided by operating activities		593,698	_	356,228	_	(22,532)		927,394
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Proceeds from issuance of debt	ies	_		_		_		-
Acquisition/construction of capital assets		(2,141,562)		(157,180)		-		(2,298,742)
Principal paid on lease obligations		(3,971)		(3,971)		-		(7,942)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(171,051)		(138,949)		-		(310,000)
Interest and capital charges on fiscal debt		(293,948)		(44,797)		-		(338,745)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related								
financing activities		(2,610,532)		(344,897)	_			(2,955,429)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities								
Transfer to other funds		_		(2,200,173)		-		(2,200,173)
Transfer from other funds		_		2,266,618		53,000		2,319,618
	_		_	2,200,010	_	33,000		2,317,010
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital								
financing activities		-		66,445	_	53,000	_	119,445
Cash flows from investing activities								
Interest and dividend received		71,416		71				71,487
Net cash provided by investing activities		71,416		71		-		71,487
		<u> </u>						,
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,945,418)		77,847		30,468		(1,837,103)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year		6,025,853		207,421	_	3,626		6,236,900
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	\$	4,080,435	\$	285,268	\$	34,094	\$	4,399,797
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	507,777	\$	248,598	\$	34.094	\$	790,469
Restricted cash	Ф	3,572,658	Ф	240,390	Ф	34,074	Ф	3,572,658
Restricted cash	\$	4,080,435	\$	248,598	\$	34,094	\$	4,363,127
	<u>*</u>	1,000,100	<u>*</u>	210,030	<u> </u>	0 1,0 7 1	<u> </u>	1,000,127
Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to								
net cash provided by operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	314,304	\$	122,870	\$	(9,187)	\$	427,987
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization expense		207,521		258,097		-		465,618
Other nonoperating revenues		1,425		326		-		1,751
Other nonoperating expenses		(4,000)						
(Increase) decrease in:								
Accounts receivable		(1,428)		913		(6,027)		(6,542)
Due from other funds		-		(5,000)		-		(5,000)
Prepaid expenses		(353)		(368)		(11)		(732)
Increase (decrease) in:				, ,		, ,		. ,
Accounts payable		108,227		20,286		1,370		129,883
Due to other funds		(2,204)		(1,837)		(511)		(4,552)
Net pension asset		(29,794)		(39,059)		(8,166)		(77,019)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	593,698	\$	356,228	\$	(22,532)	\$	931,394
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NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

The Borough of Orwigsburg, Pennsylvania, operates under a strong council-weak mayor-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by the Borough Code: Public Safety – Police and Fire, Highways and Streets, Sanitation, Public Service, Culture – Recreation, Public Improvements, Planning and Zoning, and General Administrative Services.

The financial statements of the Borough of Orwigsburg (the Borough) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Borough's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The GASB defines the criteria used to determine the composition of the reporting entity. It requires that the reporting entity include (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable (c) organizations that are fiscally dependent on the primary government and a financial benefit or burden exists, and (d) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for the governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation in some manner for the debt of the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Some organizations are included as component units because of their fiscal dependency on the primary government. An organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government if it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes or set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the primary government.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of the potential component unit addressed in defining the government's reporting entity.

Reporting Entity (Continued)

The following component unit meets the criteria for blended presentation and is included within the reporting entity:

- ➤ The Municipal Authority of the Borough of Orwigsburg (the "Authority") is governed by a board appointed by Borough Council. The Authority owns the sewer plant which services the Borough of Orwigsburg entirely. The Authority was formed for the purpose of providing long-term financing to construct and equip its sewer plant and facilities. The plant facilities acquired by the Authority are operated and maintained by the Borough under the provisions of a long-term capital lease.
- Members of the Authority Board are appointed by the Borough, but the Borough has no power to remove a member of a board of an authority organized under the Municipality Authorities Act. The Authority has no employees. The operation of the sewer system is carried out by Borough employees.
- ➤ The activities are reflected in the Enterprise Funds and combined with the Borough sewer fund for reporting purposes.

Joint Ventures

Blue Mountain Recreation Authority

The Borough is one of ten members participating in the operation of the Blue Mountain Recreation Authority (the "Recreation Authority"). The Recreation Authority is operated, administered, and managed by a joint operating committee consisting of twenty members with two being appointed by the Borough. These members are appointed by their respective governing body and at least one member from each body shall be a member of the governing body appointing them. During 2022, the Borough incurred \$52,656 for their share of these services.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Borough are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance/net position, revenue, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds of the primary government are segregated into the categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Borough are financed. The measurement focus is on the flow of expendable resources, rather than on net earnings determination.

The Borough reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Borough. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any unassigned fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

Capital Reserve Fund - This fund is used to set monies aside for future capital improvements.

Fund Accounting (Continued)

The Borough reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Highway Aid Fund – is used to account for the proceeds and disposition of state liquid fuels entitlements that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes, primarily building and maintaining local roads and bridges.

Fire Fund – is used to account for the proceeds and disposition of assessment of real estate taxes specific for purposes relating to emergency services provided by the Friendship Hose Company Number 1.

Proprietary Funds

The Borough reports the following major enterprise funds:

Sewer Department – Provides wastewater treatment services for the Borough of Orwigsburg, its residents, commercial establishments, and various customers located within the neighboring areas. This fund is presented as a combination of the Borough's sewer fund and the blended component unit Municipal Authority.

Water Department – Provides water and related services, including laboratory analyses, to the Borough of Orwigsburg, its residents, business establishments and various customers within the proximity of the Borough.

Sanitation Department – Provides trash and garbage removal for the Borough of Orwigsburg, its residents, and commercial establishments throughout the Borough.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Borough under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Borough's own programs. Custodial funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Borough has no fiduciary funds.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the Borough as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The Borough's public safety, highways, culture and recreation, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The statements distinguish between these activities of the Borough that are governmental and that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financials but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financials are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and statements for governmental funds.

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities, and for each function or program of the Borough's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Borough, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses and program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Borough.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Borough. The focus of the governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The major fund concept does not apply to fiduciary funds and they are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reported on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the Borough finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Net position (total assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources and total liabilities) are used as a practical measure of economic resources and the operating statement includes all transactions and events that increased or decreased net position. Depreciation is charged as expense against current operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the Statement of Net Position.

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government generally considers tax and other revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Revenue from federal, state, and other grants designated for payment of specific Borough expenditures is recognized when the related expenditures are incurred; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned. If time requirements are not met, a deferred inflow of resources would be recorded. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the pension asset (liability) and related deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources to be measured based on a date no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year. The pension asset (liability) and related deferred inflows of resources, and deferred outflows of resources reported for the year ended December 31, 2022, is based on information from the pension plan as of December 31, 2020.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and include investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses and are accounted for on the consumption method.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows presented for proprietary funds, the Borough considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted assets, with maturities of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds and generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary fund are reported both in the business-type activity column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund.

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, sewer and water systems, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Borough as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received. Depreciation/amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land improvements	15 - 40
Buildings and improvements	10 - 40
Equipment	8 - 15
Recreation assets	5 - 30
Sewer plant	40
Sewer line improvements	50
Water distribution system	15 - 40
Vehicles	5 - 8
Right-to-use asset - equipment	4

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated/amortized over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Borough has various item that qualifies for reporting in this category for the various amounts related to pension asset (liabilities) and OPEB liability. These amounts will be amortized in future periods.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Borough has several items which qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue from taxes are considered a deferred inflow of resources on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds, and various items related to pension asset (liabilities) and OPEB liability are shown as deferred inflows on the Statement of Net Position.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets: This component consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, accounts payable or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets. If there are significant unspent

Net Position (Continued)

related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources attributable to acquisition, construction, or improvements of assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position.

Restricted: This component of net position consists of restricted assets and deferred outflows of resources reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. These restrictions could include constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted: This component of net position is the net amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Borough will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Borough's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

Governmental funds classify fund balance based on the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This classification includes items such as prepaid amounts, inventories, and the long-term portion of loans and notes receivable. This also includes the corpus (or principal) of permanent funds.

Restricted: This classification includes amounts where the constraints placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the government to assess, levy, change or mandate payment and includes a legally enforceable requirement on the use of these funds.

Committed: This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Borough's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is in the form of a resolution which is made by the Borough Council. Once an amount is committed, it cannot be used for any other purpose unless changed by the same type of formal action used to initially constrain the funds.

Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Continued)

Assigned: This classification includes spendable amounts that are reported in governmental funds other than in the General Fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. The intent of an assigned fund balance should be expressed by either the Borough Council, or a subordinate high-level body, such as the finance committee, borough manager, or finance director that is authorized to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The assignment of fund balance cannot result in a negative unassigned fund balance.

Unassigned: This classification represents the portion of a spendable fund balance that has not been categorized as restricted, committed, or assigned. The general fund is the only fund which would include a positive unassigned fund balance as all other fund types must categorize amounts within the other classifications. A negative unassigned fund balance may occur in any fund when there is an over expenditure of restricted or committed fund balance. In this case, any assigned fund balance (and unassigned fund balance in the general fund) would be eliminated prior to reporting a negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Borough will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. The Borough does not currently have a policy to indicate in which order unrestricted fund balance is considered spent; therefore, by default, the order is as follows: committed, assigned and unassigned.

Interfund Activity

Advances between funds are accounted for in the appropriate interfund receivable and payable accounts. Advances between funds which are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as transfers. Interfund balances and transactions are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. It is the Borough's general rule to eliminate internal activity in the government-wide statement of activities, such as receipts and payments between the Borough's sewer fund and blended component unit.

Exchange transactions, if any, between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and are shown separately in proprietary funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, if any, at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Borough Council adopts annual budgets on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All annual appropriations lapse at the end of each year and must be reappropriated. The final budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amount as revised during the year.

During 2022, the Borough overspent the budgeted expenditures of the general fund, which is a violation of the Borough Code, but is not expected to result in any negative implications to the Borough.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental columns in the statement of net position. Bond premium and discounts are deferred and amortized to interest expense over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Deferred charges on bond refunding are shown as deferred outflows of resources. Bond issuance costs related to insurance premiums are reported as assets and amortized to expense over the term of the related debt. Other bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses (if resulting from a disparity in interest rates) or as debt service expenditures (if resulting from underwriter's fees). Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Leases

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Borough adopted GASB No. 87 for the reporting of leases.

Lessee: The Borough is a lessee for one noncancellable lease of equipment. The Borough recognizes a lease liability and intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Borough initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Borough determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

• The Borough uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Borough generally uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

Leases (Continued)

• The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and any purchase option price that the Borough is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Borough monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and lease liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lessor: The Borough is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of building space. The Borough recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Borough initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the Borough determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The Borough uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The Borough monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Compensated Absences

Liability for compensated absences is accounted for in accordance with the provisions of the GASB, which require entities to accrue for employees' rights to receive compensation for vacation leave, or payments in lieu of accrued vacation or sick leave, as such benefits are earned, and payment becomes probable.

Under terms of the Borough's employment agreements, employees are granted vacation, personal, and sick leave in varying amounts. Personal time must be used during the calendar year for all employees and cannot be carried over. Ninety days of vacation may be carried over from one year to the next for Borough employees. Upon retirement from the Borough, non-uniformed employees and police are reimbursed for accumulated sick leave in accordance with personnel policies.

The vesting method is used to account for sick and vacation leave liabilities. In accordance with GASB standards, no liability is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements and an expenditure is recorded as payments are made. In the government-wide statements, the liability and expenses are recorded as incurred.

Pension Plans

The Borough has established two defined benefit pension plans for the benefit of substantially all full-time employees, the police plan and non-uniformed plan. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

GASB establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other postemployment benefit expenditures and related liabilities, note disclosures, and if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The Borough's other postemployment benefits are accounted for in accordance with these standards.

Classification of Revenues

For proprietary funds, the Borough has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues – Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as utility billings and penalties and late charges.

Nonoperating revenues – Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions (in which the Borough receives value without directly giving equal value in return), such as contributions and grants and other revenues that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB, such as investment earnings. In addition, tap fees are considered non-operating because they are based on future capacity needs of the utility system.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania's "Borough Code" and Act 10 of 2016 define allowable investments for Borough funds as follows:

- U.S. Treasury Bills.
- ➤ Short term obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies.
- ➤ Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund to the extent that such accounts are so insured, and, for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law therefore shall be pledged by the depository.
- Obligations of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the respective governmental entity.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- > Shares of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- Obligations, participations or other instruments of any federal agency, instrumentality or Unites States government-sponsored enterprise if the debt obligations are rated at least "A" or its equivalent.
- Commercial paper issued by corporations or other business entities organized in accordance with federal or state law, with a maturity not to exceed 270 days.
- ➤ Bills of exchange or time drafts drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank, otherwise known as bankers' acceptances, if the banker's acceptances do not exceed 180 days.
- Negotiable certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit, with a remaining maturity of three years or less.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Borough's deposits may not be returned. The Borough does not have a policy for custodial credit risk on deposits. At December 31, 2022, \$618,076 of the Borough's bank balance of \$2,444,029 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$1,825,953 was exposed to custodial credit risk. This balance is uninsured but is collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution not in the Borough's name.

Pennsylvania Act 72 of 1971, as amended, is an act standardizing the procedures for pledges of assets to secure deposits of public funds with banking institutions pursuant to other laws; establishing a standard rule for the types, amounts and valuations of assets eligible to be used as collateral for deposits of public funds; permitting assets to be pledged against deposits on a pooled basis and authorizing the appointment of custodians to act as the pledger of the assets. Based on the standards outlined in Act 72, the various banks utilized by the Borough have pledged collateral on a pooled basis on behalf of the Borough and all other governmental depositors in the respective financial institutions.

Credit Risk - Investments

Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT) investments are shown as cash and cash equivalents in these financial statements. Investments are carried at amortized cost. PLGIT investments of \$ 3,775,353 are considered an external investment pool. These funds operate similar to a money market fund and seek to maintain a consistent net asset value of \$ 1 per share. PLGIT portfolio funds are invested in United States Treasury bills; obligations, participations, or other instruments of any Federal agency, instrumentality or United States government-sponsored enterprise; deposits in savings accounts or time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund; obligations guaranteed or insured by the United States of America, obligations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the Commonwealth; and repurchase agreements involving United States Government and agency obligations.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk - Investments (Continued)

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of debt securities or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Borough does not have an investment policy regarding credit risk.

At December 31, 2022, the Borough's investments in PLGIT were rated AAA by Standard and Poor's Investors Services.

Policies followed by PLGIT

Regulatory Oversight

The operation of PLGIT is governed by an eleven-member board of Trustees. The Trustees must be employees or elected officials of a local government or school district and are elected at the annual meeting of investors. The Trustees have exclusive and absolute control over the affairs of the Trust and its assets, subject to the rights of the Investors, as provided in the Declaration of Trust.

PLGIT is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, PLGIT follows investment procedures similar to those followed by SEC registered money market funds.

Valuation of Investments

Portfolios are valued using the net asset value per share. The net asset value per share is computed by dividing the total value of the securities and other assets of the portfolio less liabilities, by the outstanding shares of the portfolio.

NOTE 3 TAXES

The Borough collects property taxes, earned income and other taxes and fees. Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on assessed property values. The tax bills are mailed by the Tax Collectors by March 1 and are payable as follows:

Discount March 1 – April 30
Face May 1 – June 30
Penalty July 1 – December 31

After December 31, the bills are considered delinquent and are turned over to the Schuylkill County Tax Claim Bureau for collection.

NOTE 4 TAXES RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Taxes receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. The Borough has established an allowance for uncollectible accounts based on an evaluation of historical collections. Taxes receivable in the balance sheet- governmental funds consists of the following as of December 31, 2022:

	Gen	eral Fund	Fire Fund
Comcast franchise fee	\$	15,378	\$ -
Earned income		94,993	-
Local services tax		20,613	-
Real estate		37,839	-
Fire tax		-	3,603
Occupational		2,934	-
Per capita		7,612	-
Real estate transfer		2,586	-
Delinquent real estate tax		10,028	-
Delinquent per capita		16,769	-
Delinquent occupational tax		6,436	-
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(5,000)	
Total taxes receivable, net		210,188	3,603
Taxes collected within sixty days, recorded as revenues in			
governmental funds		(152,243)	 (1,986)
Taxes estimated to be collected after sixty days, recorded as deferred inflows of resources - unavailable tax revenue in			
governmental funds	\$	57,945	\$ 1,617

The Borough's allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2022 for the proprietary funds totaled \$ 15,000 for the Sewer Fund, \$ 15,000 for the Water Fund, and \$ 5,000 for the Sanitation Fund. This is based on an evaluation of historical and delinquent collections.

NOTE 5 LEASE RECEIVABLE/DEFERRED INFLOWS

The Borough has entered into a lease for use of building space. The lease runs through 2026 and requires monthly payments ranging from \$ 2,165 to \$ 2,510 based on the Borough's estimated interest rate of 4.25%. The ending lease receivable of \$ 97,972 is shown on the government wide statement of net position and governmental fund balance sheet. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Borough recognized lease revenue of \$ 22,278 and interest revenue of \$ 4,683 associated with this lease.

NOTE 6 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables consist of the following at December 31, 2022:

	I	Oue From	Due To				
	01	Other Funds					
Governmental Funds							
General Fund	\$	300	\$	6,834			
Fire Tax Fund		28					
Proprietary Funds							
Sewer		-		2,304,354			
Water		2,310,860					
	\$	2,311,188	\$	2,311,188			

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from payroll transactions and amounts related to debt service. During 2022, the Borough approved reallocating 34% of the 2020 bond issuance to the Water Fund. Due to the reallocation of the debt liability, the remaining bond proceeds from the issuance are also due to the Water Fund, accounting for \$ 2,236,843 of the interfund balance above.

Interfund transfers consist of the following during 2022:

	Ti	ransfers In	Tr	ansfers Out
Governmental Funds				
General Fund	\$	40,250	\$	147,849
Capital Reserve		122,849		98,025
Proprietary Funds				
Sewer		2,028,208		2,064,878
Water		2,266,618		2,200,173
Sanitation		53,000		
	\$	4,510,925	\$	4,510,925

The transfer from General Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund was for future capital purchases and projects. The transfers from the Capital Reserve Fund to the General and Water Funds were for current capital purchases and projects. The transfers from the Sewer Fund to the Water Fund were for the reallocation of the debt obligation and related bond premium. The transfer from the Capital Reserve Fund to the Sanitation Fund was a budgeted transfer for current year operating expenditures.

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the Borough consists of the following as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Beginning Balance, as				Ending
	restated		Additions	Retirements	Balance
Governmental Activities					
Cost					
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized					
Land	\$ 291,228	\$	•	\$ -	\$ 377,134
Construction in progress	173,133		1,191,894	(85,906)	1,279,121
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized					
Land improvements	585,911		-	-	585,911
Buildings and improvements	1,543,986		-	-	1,543,986
Equipment	370,263		10,070	(6,387)	373,946
Recreation assets	276,826		5,260	-	282,086
Vehicles	369,890		47,831	(32,814)	384,907
Right-to-use asset - equipment	2,474	_	-		2,474
Total cost	3,613,711	_	1,340,961	(125,107)	 4,829,565
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization					
Land improvements	(218,065))	(33,263)	-	(251,328)
Building and improvements	(582,642)		(51,870)	-	(634,512)
Equipment	(203,477		(38,598)	6,387	(235,688)
Recreation assets	(170,721))	(11,435)	-	(182,156)
Vehicles	(330,948))	(22,524)	32,814	(320,658)
Right-to-use asset - equipment			(560)		 (560)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1,505,853))	(158,250)	39,201	(1,624,902)
Capital assets, net	\$ 2,107,858	* *	1,182,711	\$ (85,906)	\$ 3,204,663
•		_			
	Beginning				
	Balance, as		Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities			Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities Cost	Balance, as		Additions	Retirements	
	Balance, as		Additions	Retirements	
Cost	Balance, as	\$	Additions	Retirements	\$
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress	Balance, as restated	\$	Additions - 2,115,792		\$ Balance
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized	\$ 84,612 820,565	\$	- 2,115,792		\$ 84,612 2,936,357
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111	\$	- 2,115,792 29,775		\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347	\$	- 2,115,792	\$ - - -	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869	\$	- 2,115,792 29,775		\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857	\$	- 2,115,792 29,775	\$ - - -	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708	\$	- 2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416	\$	- 2,115,792 29,775	\$ - - -	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system Right-to-use asset - equipment	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416 4,948	\$	2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - - 123,331	\$ - - - (825,714) - - - -	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747 4,948
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416	\$	- 2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system Right-to-use asset - equipment Total cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416 4,948 19,727,433	- -	2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - - 123,331 - 2,293,794	\$ - - - (825,714) - - - -	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747 4,948 21,195,513
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system Right-to-use asset - equipment Total cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Buildings and improvements	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416 4,948 19,727,433	_ _ _	2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - - 123,331 - 2,293,794	\$ - - - (825,714) - - - -	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747 4,948 21,195,513
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system Right-to-use asset - equipment Total cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Buildings and improvements Equipment	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416 4,948 19,727,433		2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - - 123,331 - 2,293,794 (68,749) (33,862)	\$ - - (825,714) - - - (825,714)	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747 4,948 21,195,513 (2,520,011) (187,212)
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system Right-to-use asset - equipment Total cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416 4,948 19,727,433 (2,451,262] (153,350] (5,005,364]		2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - - 123,331 - 2,293,794 (68,749) (33,862) (144,838)	\$ - - - (825,714) - - - -	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747 4,948 21,195,513 (2,520,011) (187,212) (4,644,651)
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system Right-to-use asset - equipment Total cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer plant Sewer line improvements	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416 4,948 19,727,433 (2,451,262] (153,350] (5,005,364] (102,493]		2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - - 123,331 - 2,293,794 (68,749) (33,862) (144,838) (18,358)	\$ - - (825,714) - - - (825,714)	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747 4,948 21,195,513 (2,520,011) (187,212) (4,644,651) (120,851)
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system Right-to-use asset - equipment Total cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416 4,948 19,727,433 (2,451,262] (153,350] (5,005,364] (102,493] (32,089]		2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - - 123,331 - 2,293,794 (68,749) (33,862) (144,838) (18,358) (18,358) (15,142)	\$ - - (825,714) - - - (825,714)	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747 4,948 21,195,513 (2,520,011) (187,212) (4,644,651) (120,851) (47,231)
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system Right-to-use asset - equipment Total cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416 4,948 19,727,433 (2,451,262] (153,350] (5,005,364] (102,493]		2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - - 123,331 - 2,293,794 (68,749) (33,862) (144,838) (18,358) (15,142) (183,549)	\$ - - (825,714) - - - (825,714)	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747 4,948 21,195,513 (2,520,011) (187,212) (4,644,651) (120,851) (47,231) (2,946,648)
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system Right-to-use asset - equipment Total cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416 4,948 19,727,433 (2,451,262] (153,350] (5,005,364] (102,493] (32,089]		2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - - 123,331 - 2,293,794 (68,749) (33,862) (144,838) (18,358) (18,358) (15,142)	\$ - - (825,714) - - - (825,714)	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747 4,948 21,195,513 (2,520,011) (187,212) (4,644,651) (120,851) (47,231)
Cost Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Land Construction in progress Capital assets being depreciated/amortized Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system Right-to-use asset - equipment Total cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Buildings and improvements Equipment Sewer plant Sewer plant Sewer line improvements Vehicles Water distribution system	\$ 84,612 820,565 3,291,111 353,347 8,260,869 917,857 91,708 5,902,416 4,948 19,727,433 (2,451,262] (153,350] (5,005,364] (102,493] (32,089]		2,115,792 29,775 24,896 - - - 123,331 - 2,293,794 (68,749) (33,862) (144,838) (18,358) (15,142) (183,549)	\$ - - (825,714) - - - (825,714)	\$ 84,612 2,936,357 3,320,886 378,243 7,435,155 917,857 91,708 6,025,747 4,948 21,195,513 (2,520,011) (187,212) (4,644,651) (120,851) (47,231) (2,946,648)

NOTE 7 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was charged as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Governmental Activities		
General Government	\$	19,408
Public Works - Highway		25,140
Public Safety		32,341
Culture and Recreation		81,361
	<u>\$</u>	158,250
Business-Type Activities		
Sewer	\$	62,931
Water		402,687
	\$	465,618

The construction in progress consists of the following at December 31, 2022:

Memorial Playground	\$ 803,003
Long Avenue	121,438
Ridge Road Park	13,960
Liberty Street Borough Office	 340,720
Total Governmental Activities CIP	\$ 1,279,121
Wastewater Treatment Plant Upgrade	\$ 2,934,757
Wellhouse Fencing	 1,600
Total Business-Type Activities CIP	\$ 2,936,357

As of December 31, 2022, the Borough had the following open construction commitments:

			,	Total Costs	Tot	al Costs To	
	Total Contracts			Incurred	Be Incurred		
Memorial Playground	\$	795,828	\$	732,800	\$	63,028	
Total Governmental Activities Commitments	\$	795,828	\$	732,800	\$	63,028	
Wastewater Treatment Plant Upgrade	\$	2,294,309	\$	1,947,698	\$	346,611	
Total Business-Type Activities Commitments	\$	2,294,309	\$	1,947,698	\$	346,611	

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance, as restated Additions			Ending Reductions Balance				Current Portion			Long-term Portion		
Governmental Activities													
Direct Borrowing													
(D) Curbs Loan	\$ 42,777	\$	-	\$	(8,667)	\$	34,110	\$	8,948	\$	25,162		
(E) 2020 Ford SUV Loan	11,977		-		(11,977)		-		-		-		
(F) 2021 GO Note	-		691,000		-		691,000		691,000		-		
(G) 2022 GO Note		_	425,000	_	(1,067)	_	423,933	_	14,027	_	409,906		
Subtotal - notes	54,754	_	1,116,000	_	(21,711)	_	1,149,043	_	713,975	_	435,068		
Compensated absences	103,079		75,552	_	(61,803)		116,828	_	58,414	_	58,414		
Lease obligations	2,474	_			(510)	_	1,964		532	_	1,432		
Total long-term liabilities													
Governmental Activities	\$ 157,833	\$	1,191,552	\$	(83,514)	\$	1,265,871	\$	772,389	\$	493,482		
Business-Type Activities Bonds													
(A) 2020 GO Bonds - Sewer	8,269,000		-		(2,199,259)		6,069,741		173,250		5,896,491		
(B) 2020 GO Bonds - Water	1,881,000		2,028,208		(138,949)		3,770,259		141,750		3,628,509		
(C) Financed purchase - water	5,936		-		(5,936)		-		-		-		
(C) Financed purchase - sewer	5,936		-		(5,936)		-		-		-		
Bond (Discount)/Premium	790,719	_		_	(38,304)	_	752,415	_	30,714	_	721,701		
Subtotal - bonds	10,952,591	_	2,028,208	_	(2,388,384)	_	10,592,415	_	345,714	_	10,246,701		
Compensated absences	77,215	_	21,502	_	(17,673)		81,044	_	40,522	_	40,522		
Lease obligations	4,948			_	(1,020)	_	3,928	_	1,064		2,864		
Total long-term liabilities Business-Type Activities	\$ 10,957,539	\$	2,028,208	\$	(2,389,404)	\$	10,596,343	\$	346,778	\$	10,249,565		

- (A) On June 24, 2020, the Borough issued \$10,840,000 of general obligation bonds, Series of 2020, of which \$8,648,500 related to the Sewer Fund. The Bonds were issued for the refunding of the Sewer Fund's portion of the 2015 revenue bonds and to fund various capital projects of the Borough. Principal payments are due in varying amounts on October 1, 2020 to 2045. The bond bears interest at rates ranging from 0.63% to 4.00%. The general obligation bond is secured by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Borough.
- (B) On June 24, 2020, the Borough issued \$10,840,000 of general obligation bonds, Series of 2020, of which \$2,191,500 related to the Water Fund. The Bonds were issued for the refunding of the Water Fund's portion of the 2015 revenue bonds. Principal payments are due in varying amounts on October 1, 2020 to 2045. The bond bears interest at rates ranging from 0.63% to 4.00%. The general obligation bond is secured by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Borough.
 - During the year ended December 31, 2022, \$ 2,028,208 of the debt was reallocated from the Sewer Fund to the Water Fund as this portion of the proceeds will be used for water projects.
- (C) The Borough entered into a financed purchase for the acquisition of a backhoe. The financed purchase required monthly principal and interest payments of \$ 2,994 based on an interest rate of 4.25%. The financed purchase was paid off during 2022.

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

- (D) On August 23, 2016, the Borough secured a loan from Hidden River Credit Union in the amount of \$85,000. The loan was used to pay for curbing on South Warren Street. The loan bears interest at the fixed rate of 3.00%. Total monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$821 are due monthly through August 23, 2026. The note is secured by Borough deposits.
- (E) On December 13, 2019, the Borough secured a loan from Hidden River Credit Union in the amount of \$ 34,940. The loan was used to purchase a police vehicle. The loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 2.99%. Total monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$ 1,017 are due monthly through December 27, 2022. The note is secured by the vehicle with a net book value of \$ 36,769.
- (F) On February 26, 2021, the Borough issued General Obligation Note, Series of 2021 with Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company in the amount of \$ 750,000. The loan is to be used to fund improvement to the Veterans Memorial Community Hall and will be repaid with grant funds received from the RCAP grant from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The loan bears interest at a variable rate equal to 2.00% above the one-month LIBOR, with a floor of 2.1875% and a ceiling of 4.50%. Principal and interest is due quarterly and is due the earlier of December 31, 2023 or one year from date of completion of the project. The Borough drew \$ 691,000 on this Note as of December 31, 2022.
- (G) On August 18, 2022, the Borough issued General Obligation Note, Series of 2022, with Mid Penn Bank in the amount of \$ 425,000. The loan was used to purchase a building to be used for a new borough office. The loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.07%. Interest only monthly payments are due through December 18, 2022. Total monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$ 2,604 are due monthly beginning January 18, 2022 through November 18, 2042. The note is secured by the building located at South Liberty Street, Orwigsburg, PA.

Upon default of the Notes or Bond the financial institution has normal remedies as outlined in the note or bond agreements, including the right to declare the unpaid principal and interest be due immediately.

The following is a schedule by years and in the aggregate of future minimum debt principal and interest payments as of December 31, 2022.

Governmental Activities

				Governmental Activities												
	Direct Borrowing												-			
		Curbs	s Lo	an	2021 GO Note				2022 GO Note			Lease Obligations				
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2023	\$	8,948	\$	902	\$	691,000	\$	37,969	\$	14,027	\$	17,226	\$	532	\$	73
2024		9,220		630		-		-		14,569		16,683		555		50
2025		9,501		350		-		-		15,229		16,023		579		26
2026		6,441		82		-		-		15,870		15,383		298		4
2027		-		-		-		-		16,537		14,715		-		-
2028-2032		-		-		-		-		93,641		62,620		-		-
2033-2037		-		-		-		-		115,116		41,145		-		-
2038-2042		-		-		-		-		138,944		14,805		-		-
2043-2047		=				-		-		-		=		=		
	\$	34,110	\$	1,964	\$	691,000	\$	37,969	\$	423,933	\$	198,600	\$	1,964	\$	153

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

				Business-Ty	ре	Activities								
				Во	nds	3								
		2020 G	0 B	ond		2020 G	0 B	ond						
		(Sewer	Por	tion)		(Water Portion)			Lease Ob	liga	ations	To	tal	
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2023	\$	173,250	\$	209,130	\$	141,750	\$	123,270	\$ 1,064	\$	146	\$ 1,030,571	\$	388,716
2024		176,000		206,532		144,000		121,144	1,110		100	345,454		345,139
2025		178,750		203,892		146,250		118,984	1,158		52	351,467		339,327
2026		181,500		201,210		148,500		116,790	596		8	353,205		333,477
2027		181,500		198,488		148,500		114,562	-		-	346,537		327,765
2028-2032		973,500		936,862		796,500		527,342	-		-	1,863,641		1,526,824
2033-2037		1,336,381		742,201		768,619		385,798	-		-	2,220,116		1,169,144
2038-2042		1,686,981		444,359		868,019		228,640	-		-	2,693,944		687,804
2043-2046	_	1,181,879		95,737	_	608,121		49,261	-		-	1,790,000		144,998
	\$	6,069,741	\$	3,238,411	\$	3,770,259	\$	1,785,791	\$ 3,928	\$	306	\$ 10,994,935	\$	5,263,194

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Plan Description

The Borough sponsors two multi-employer defined benefit retirement plans (The Plans) which cover Administrative Employees and Police Officers. The Plan is administered by the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System ("PMRS"), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. PMRS, established by the Pennsylvania Retirement Law, Act 15 of 1974 ("ACT 15"), as amended, serves as a common investment and administrative agent for participating municipal pension plans. The authority to establish and amend benefits provisions of the Plan rests with the Authority's board of directors, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania's Municipal Pension Plan Funding and Recovery Act of 1984 ("Act 205"), and PMRS.

PMRS issues a separate Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR"). The ACFR is available on the PMRS website or a copy can be obtained by contacting the PMRS accounting office.

Plan Membership

At January 1, 2021, the date of the latest valuation, Plan membership consisted of:

	Police	Non-Uniform
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	2	9
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-	1
Active employees	6	7
Total Membership	8	17

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

Police

The Plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits for normal retirement at age of fifty with twelve years of service. Early retirement is available for members who have been involuntarily terminated after eight years of service or who separate voluntarily after twenty-four years of credited services, however, benefits will be actuarially reduced for each year or partial year thereof that early retirement takes place prior to age fifty. The basic annual benefit equals 2.0% times years of credited service times final average salary, with a maximum basic annual benefit of 50% of final average salary. In addition to this basic benefit, a separate annuity is provided by an employer contribution for participants with twenty-six or more years of credited service. The benefit is computed on the number of credited years over twenty-five times 2.5% times the basic benefit. Members are 100% vested after 12 years of service.

Non-Uniform

The Plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits for normal retirement at age fifty-four. Early retirement is available for members who have been involuntarily terminated after eight years of service or who separate voluntarily after twenty-years of credited services, however, benefits will be actuarially reduced for each year or partial year thereof that early retirement takes place prior to age fifty-four. The basic annual benefit equals 2.5% times years of credited service times final average salary, with a maximum basic annual benefit of 75% of final average salary. Members are 100% vested after 10 years of service.

Funding Policy and Contributions

Act 205

Act 205 of 1984, the Municipal Pension Plan Fund Standard and Recovery Act, initiated actuarial funding requirements for municipal pension plans. Under Act 205 provisions, a municipal budget must provide for the full payment of the minimum municipal obligation ("MMO") to each employee pension fund of the municipality. Act 189 of 1990 amended Act 205 and redefined the calculation used to determine the MMO to employee pension funds. The MMO is now defined as the total financial requirements to the pension fund, less funding adjustments and estimated member contributions.

	Poli	ce	No	n-Uniform
Annual required contribution	\$	-	\$	155,130
Contributions made - employer		20		155,130

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Net Pension (Asset) Liability

The Borough's net pension (asset)/liability was measured at December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension (asset)/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021. The components of the Borough's net pension (asset)/liability are as follows at December 31, 2022:

	Police	Non-Uniform	Total
Total Pension Liability \$	1,748,884	\$ 2,741,501	\$ 4,490,385
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	3,271,333	2,813,568	6,084,901
Net Pension (Asset)/Liability <u>\$</u>	(1,522,449)	\$ (72,067)	\$ (1,594,516)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a			
Percentage of Total Pension			
(Asset)/Liability	187.05%	102.63%	135.51%

Changes in the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability

The changes in the Authority's net pension (asset)/liability are as follows for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	POLICE PENSION PLAN Increase(Decrease)						NON-UNIFORM PLAN Increase(Decrease)						
			-		Net Pension						Net Pension		
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		(Asset)/ Liability (a) - (b)		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		(Asset)/ Liability (a) - (b)	
Paginning Palance	\$	1.677.510	\$	2 022 170	ф	(1.255.((0)	\$	2.627.690	\$	2 411 100	¢	217 502	
Beginning Balance Changes for the year:	Ф	1,677,510	Ф	3,033,178	\$	(1,355,668)	Ф	2,627,690	Ф	2,411,108	\$	216,582	
Service cost		78.726		_		78.726		79,456		_		79.456	
Interest		89.688		_		89.688		139.403		_		139,403	
Changes of benefits		-		_		-		157,105		_		137,103	
Changes of assumptions		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Differences between expected						_						_	
and actual experience		_		_		_		_		-		_	
Contributions - employer		-		_		_		_		150.694		(150,694)	
Contributions - PMRS assessment		-		20		(20)		-		360		(360)	
Contributions - member		-		-		-		-		-		-	
PMRS investment income		-		137,360		(137,360)		-		118,409		(118,409)	
Market value investment income		-		205,775		(205,775)		-		245,111		(245,111)	
Transfers		-		· -		-		-		-		-	
Benefit payments		(97,040)		(97,040)		-		(105,048)		(105,048)		-	
PMRS administrative expense		-		(180)		180		-		(360)		360	
Additional administrative expense	_	<u>-</u>		(7,780)		7,780	_			(6,706)		6,706	
Net changes	\$	71,374	\$	238,155	\$	(166,781)	\$	113,811	\$	402,460	\$	(288,649)	
Ending Balance	\$	1,748,884	\$	3,271,333	\$	(1,522,449)	\$	2,741,501	\$	2,813,568	\$	(72,067	

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2021 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Valuation Date January 1, 2021 Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions

Projected Salary Increases Age related scale with merit and inflation component

Inflation2.80%Investment Rate of Return5.25%

Cost-of-Living Adjustments 2.80%, for those eligible

Asset Valuation Method Based upon the municipal reserves

Healthy life mortality rates, pre-retirement was based on PUB-2010 sex-distinct General Employees table. Healthy life mortality rates, post-retirement was based on RP-2006 sex-distinct annuitant table. Disabled life mortality rates are projected from the applicable table's based year to 2023 using the Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2021 valuation were based on a roll forward of the retiree liabilities from the prior year's actuarial valuation and financial data indicating new retiree transfers as of December 31, 2020.

Expected Rate of Return

The PMRS System's long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates of expected future nominal rates of return (net of investment expenses) are developed for each asset class. These returns are combined to produce the System's Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return by calculating the weighted average return for each asset class using each respective target asset allocation percentage and multiplying by the expected future nominal rate of return, while also factoring in covariance across asset classes, then deducting expected inflation (2.5%). Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each utilized asset class are included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 and summarized in the table below labeled "System Nominal Net and Real Rates of Return by Asset Class".

System Nominal and Real Rates of Return by Asset Class

			Long-Term
	Target Asset	Nominal Net	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Domestic Equities (small-capitalized firms)	24.5%	7.49%	4.99%
Domestic Equities (large-capitalized firms)	8.0%	8.18%	5.68%
International Equities (international developed markets)	14.5%	8.07%	5.57%
International Equities (emerging markets)	3.0%	8.71%	5.71%
Global Equities	5.0%	7.28%	4.78%
Real Estate	10.0%	7.40%	4.90%
Timber	5.0%	6.17%	3.67%
Fixed income (Core Investment Grade)	24.0%	4.32%	1.82%
Fixed income (Opportunistic Credit)	5.0%	7.88%	5.38%
Cash	1.0%	1.18%	1.32%
Total Portfolio	100.0%	7.42%	4.92%

Based on the aforementioned methodology, the Board established the System's Long-Term Expected Rate of Return at 7.42%.

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the plan was 5.25 percent. The projection of cash flows for the Plan, used to determine if any adjustment to the discount rate was required ("depletion testing"), used the following assumptions: (1) member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate; (2) participating plan sponsor contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate; and (3) PMRS' long-term expected rate of return will be used in the depletion testing of projected cash flows. Based on these assumptions, the PMRS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension (asset)/liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension (asset)/liability of the Plan calculated using the discount rate of 5.25 percent, as well as what the net pension (asset)/liability would be, if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (6.25 percent) than the current rate.

		Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		t Rate 1% Inc			
		4.25%		5.25%		6.25%		
Police pension plan	\$	(1,256,825)	\$	(1,522,449)	\$	(1,738,341)		
Non-Uniform pension plan		308,339		(72,067)		(386,234)		

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Borough recognized pension expense of \$ 128,335. At December 31, 2022, the Borough reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Police Pension Plan			Non-Uniform Pension Plan				1 otai						
	Deferred		Deferred Deferred		Γ	Deferred Deferred Outflows of		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	red Deferred	
	Ou	Outflows of Inflows of		01	Outflows of			Inflows o						
	Re	sources	R	esources	R	Resources Resources			Resources			Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	24,371	\$	35,803	\$	19,678	\$	-	\$	44,049	\$	35,803		
Changes in assumptions		45,853		1,892		42,710		-		88,563		1,892		
Net difference between projected and actual														
earnings on pension plan investments		-		396,509		-		400,336		-		796,845		
Changes in proportions - governmental activities/														
business-type activities		-		-		39,443		39,443		39,443		39,443		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		20				155,130				155,150				
Total	\$	70,244	\$	434,204	\$	256,961	\$	439,779	\$	327,205	\$	873,983		

NOTE 9 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The \$ 155,150 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Borough's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, will be recognized in pension expense as follows for the years ending December 31:

	Police Pension		No	n-Uniform	
	Plan		Per	nsion Plan	Total
Year Ended December 31:					
2023	\$	(108,726)	\$	(93,898)	\$ (202,624)
2024		(158,284)		(125,353)	(283,637)
2025		(76,413)		(69,675)	(146,088)
2026		(34,290)		(49,022)	(83,312)
2027		6,865		-	6,865
Thereafter		6,868		-	 6,868
	\$	(363,980)	\$	(337,948)	\$ (701,928)

NOTE 10 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Borough's Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan is a single-employer defined benefit providing medical reimbursement to all police officers who retire with a disability or normal retirement pension. The Plan provides for the reimbursement up to \$500 per month for medical expenses until the earlier of the end of the eighth year of benefits or the retiree's death. A retiree hired prior to January 1, 2009 may use the reimbursement for his and/or his spouse's coverage. A retiree hired after January 1, 2009 may only apply the \$500 toward his own coverage (not the spouse's). Retirees are responsible for the charged premium in excess of \$500 per month. The Plan does not provide benefits to non-uniform employees of the Borough.

The Plan has one retiree receiving benefits as of January 1, 2022.

Plan Membership

Membership in the Plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2022, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active participants	6
Vested former participants	-
Retired participants	1
	7

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The Borough's total OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2022, based on the actuarial assumptions in the January 1, 2022 valuation. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB standards. At December 31, 2022, the Borough reported a total OPEB liability of \$ 59,284.

NOTE 10 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Borough recognized OPEB expense of \$6,170.

At December 31, 2022, the Borough reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		erred ows of	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
	Resc	ources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	5,265	
Changes in assumptions		866		2,729	
Total	\$	866	\$	7,994	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expenses as follows:

	A	mount
Year Ended December 31:		
2023	\$	(420)
2024		(420)
2025		(420)
2026		(420)
2027		(420)
Thereafter		(5,028)
	\$	(7,128)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Tot	Total OPEB					
	Liability						
Beginning Balance	\$	64,753					
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		5,234					
Interest		1,669					
Change in benefit terms		-					
Changes in assumption		(3,032)					
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(3,233)					
Benefit payments		(6,107)					
Net changes		(5,469)					
Ending Balance	\$	59,284					

NOTE 10 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined based on an actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal					
Investment Rate of Return	2.75%					
Salary	An assumption for salary increase is used for spreading contributions over future pay under the entry age normal cost method. For this purpose, salary increases are calculated at 2.75%.					
Mortality	2010 Public Retirement (PubS-2010)	Plan – Public Safety mortality tables				
Mortality Improvement	Projected from the year 2020 with rates derived from the Long-Range Demographic Assumptions for the 2020 Social Security Administration's Trustee Report.					
Withdrawal	Rates based on service a	as follows:				
	Years of Service	Rate				
	< 4	10%				
	5	5%				
	6 - 8	4%				

< 4	10%
5	5%
6 - 8	4%
9+	3%

Retirement Age Age 50 with 12 years of service; 100% of participants are

assumed to enter DROP at first eligibility and remain in the

DROP for three years.

100% of eligible retirees are assumed to receive the full \$ 500 **Participation**

> reimbursement throughout the eligibility period. Retirees not currently receiving the reimbursement are not assumed to opt

in at a later date.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 2.75% for the Plan. The Plan is not funded, therefore, a rate similar to the S&P 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond rate of is used as the applicable discount rate.

Sensitivity of the Total Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liabilities of the Borough, as well as what the Borough's liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate.

		Current					
		1%	1% Discount			1%	
		Decrease 1.75%		Rate		Increase	
				2.75%	3.75%		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	64,762	\$	59,284	\$	54,488	

NOTE 11 FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

The following table provides details of the fund balance classifications which are aggregated on the governmental funds balance sheet:

	General Fund			Capital Reserve Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total vernmental Funds
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids	\$	10,734	\$		\$	-	\$	10,734
Total nonspendable		10,734						10,734
Restricted								
Capital projects		-		1,394,485		-		1,394,485
Future road projects/equipment		-		-		3,181		3,181
Parks and recreation		3,784		-		-		3,784
Police department		2,475		-		-		2,475
Public safety		-		-		126,999		126,999
Total restricted		6,259	_	1,394,485		130,180		1,530,924
Committed								
Future OPEB costs		87,086				-		87,086
Total committed		87,086						87,086
Unassigned		126,877					_	126,877
Total fund balances	\$	230,956	\$	1,394,485	\$	130,180	\$	1,755,621

Net position is restricted for the following purposes at December 31, 2022:

Restricted for:

Governmental activities (see above) \$ 1,530,924

NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

In conjunction with its normal operations, the Borough is exposed to various risks related to the damage or destruction of its assets from both natural and manmade occurrences, tort liability claims, errors and omissions claims, and professional liability claims. As a result of these exposures, the Borough carries various insurance policies to reduce the overall exposure of risks to the Borough. There were no settlements in excess of insurance coverage in 2022 or the previous three years.

NOTE 13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Lease

A lease with the Municipal Authority was effective May 20, 2015 through October 31, 2029, or upon earlier retirement of the Series of 2020 Bonds. Terms of the lease required monthly payments to the Borough of \$4,200 for payment of the Authority's administrative expenses. The Municipal Authority's activity is included in Sewer Fund on the fund financial statements and included in business-type activities of the government-wide statements. Therefore, there is no effect on the financial statements because the activity is eliminated when the Authority and Sewer Fund are recorded together.

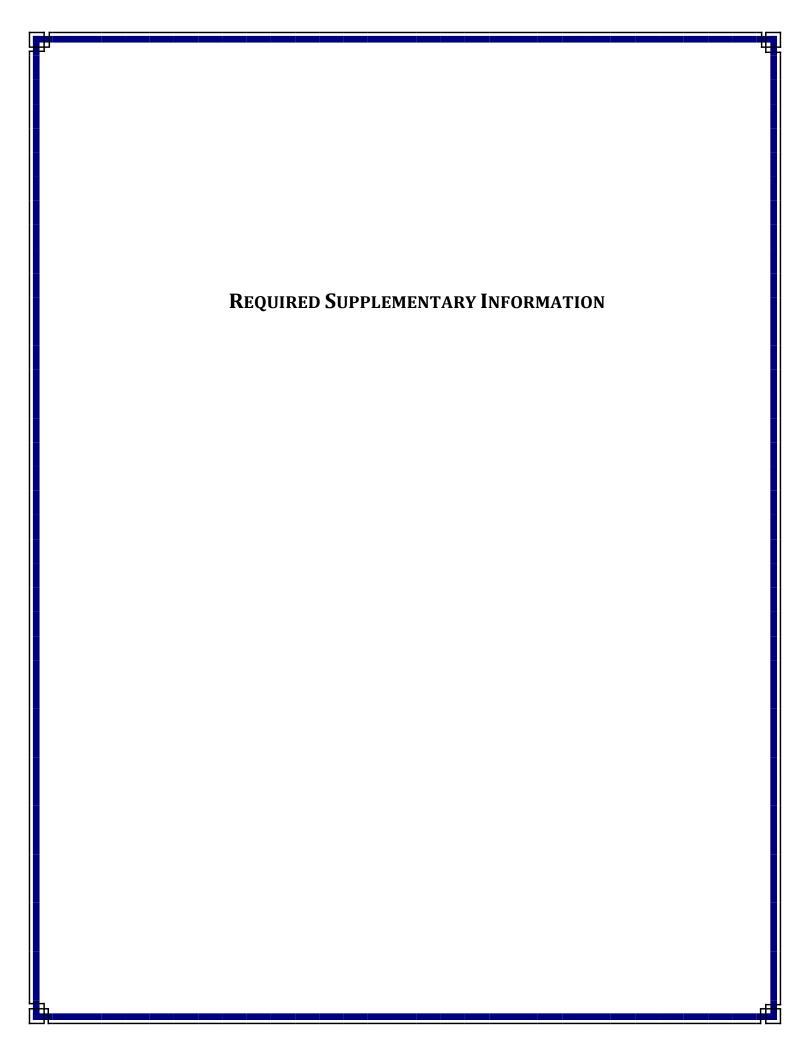
NOTE 14 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Borough is involved with a lawsuit as a matter of their normal course of business. Management cannot predict the outcome of the lawsuit or estimate the amount of any loss that may result. Management believes that losses resulting from the matter, if any, would be substantially covered under the Borough's professional liability insurance policy and would not have a material effect on the financial position of the Borough.

NOTE 15 RESTATEMENT

Beginning fund balance/net position has been restated to reflect the following changes:

		vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Ge	eneral Fund	S	ewer Fund	v	Vater Fund	San	itation Fund
Fund balance/net position, as originally stated. December 31, 2021	¢.	4 2 4 2 1 1 4	¢.	4 574 210	ė.	205 561	d.	2726276	ф	1.040.167	¢.	(11 224)
stated, December 31, 2021	\$	4,242,114	\$	4,574,319	\$	205,561	\$	2,736,376	\$	1,849,167	\$	(11,224)
To restate beginning balance of net pension												
asset/(liability) for PMRS reports		89,156		99,314		(23,175)		32,254		54,681		12,379
To restate beginning balance for 2021												
ARPA funding		114,492		-		-		-		-		-
To restate beginning balance of capital assets		7,238		-		-		-		-		-
To restate beginning balance of compensated												
absences		77,216		(77,216)	_	114,492		(31,249)		(31,249)		(14,718)
Fund balance/net position, as restated,												
as of December 31, 2021	\$	4,530,216	\$	4,596,417	\$	296,878	\$	2,737,381	\$	1,872,599	\$	(13,563)



BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Unaudited) Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Budgeted	Am	ounts				
		Original		Final	Actual			Variance
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	1,336,100	\$	1,336,100	\$	1,443,588	\$	107,488
Licenses and permits		68,850		68,850		68,353		(497)
Local support		-		-		2,050		2,050
Fines and forfeits		25,000		25,000		36,342		11,342
Interest earnings		160		160		6,573		6,413
Rents		48,100		48,100		44,154		(3,946)
Intergovernmental		247,192		247,192		266,639		19,447
Charges for services		48,271		48,271		30,275		(17,996)
Miscellaneous		3,300		3,300		5,081		1,781
Total revenues		1,776,973		1,776,973		1,903,055		126,082
EXPENDITURES								
General government		362,900		362,900		374,989		(12,089)
Public safety		799,753		799,753		774,593		25,160
Public works		428,849		428,849		432,424		(3,575)
Culture and recreation		133,524		133,524		939,223		(805,699)
Debt service		41,850		41,850		31,808		10,042
Total expenditures		1,766,876		1,766,876	_	2,553,037		(786,161)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		10,097		10,097		(649,982)		(660,079)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of assets		1,000		1,000		659		341
Proceeds from long-term debt		-		-		691,000		691,000
Transfers in (out)		(11,097)		(11,097)		(107,599)		(96,502)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(10,097)		(10,097)	_	584,060	_	594,839
Net change in fund balances	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	(65,922)	\$	(65,240)

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios – Police Plan (Unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

Police Pension Plan	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$ 78,726	\$ 71,281	\$ 66,664	\$ 61,773	\$ 47,043	\$ 30,197	\$ 38,967	\$ 53,735
Interest	89,688	82,257	77,208	69,446	67,070	68,175	63,375	65,566
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experiences	-	589	-	55,835	-	(48,820)	-	(144,148)
Changes of assumptions	-	54,332	-	-	-	35,717	(6,305)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(97,040)	(52,253)	 (52,384)	 (36,023)	 (129,937)			(442)
Net change in total pension liability	71,374	156,206	91,488	151,031	(15,824)	85,269	96,037	(25,289)
Total pension liability - beginning	1,677,510	1,521,304	1,429,816	1,278,785	1,294,609	1,209,340	1,113,303	1,138,592
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 1,748,884	\$ 1,677,510	\$ 1,521,304	\$ 1,429,816	\$ 1,278,785	\$ 1,294,609	\$ 1,209,340	\$ 1,113,303
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$ 20	\$ -	\$ 20	\$ -	\$ 40	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 462
Contributions - employee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income	343,135	379,760	465,757	(128,849)	378,938	170,592	(12,667)	97,384
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(97,040)	(52,253)	(52,384)	(36,023)	(129,937)	-	-	(442)
Administrative expense	(7,960)	(5,929)	 (4,601)	 (5,846)	 (5,513)	 (5,914)	 (4,858)	 (4,265)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	238,155	321,578	408,792	(170,718)	243,528	164,678	(17,525)	93,139
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	3,033,178	2,711,600	 2,302,808	 2,473,526	 2,229,998	2,065,320	2,082,845	1,989,706
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 3,271,333	\$ 3,033,178	\$ 2,711,600	\$ 2,302,808	\$ 2,473,526	\$ 2,229,998	\$ 2,065,320	\$ 2,082,845
Borough's net pension (asset)/liability - ending (a-b)	\$ (1,522,449)	\$ (1,355,668)	\$ (1,190,296)	\$ (872,992)	\$ (1,194,741)	\$ (935,389)	\$ (855,980)	\$ (969,542)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	187.1%	180.8%	178.2%	161.1%	193.4%	172.3%	170.8%	187.1%
Covered payroll Borough's net pension (asset)/liability as a percentage of covered	\$ 478,471	\$ 454,573	\$ 425,126	\$ 383,353	\$ 291,937	\$ 203,808	\$ 218,600	\$ 278,611
payroll	(318.2)%	(298.2)%	(280.0)%	(227.7)%	(409.2)%	(459.0)%	(391.6)%	(348.0)%

NOTES

This schedule will be expanded to show multi-year trends as information becomes available in the future.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement period year-end that was used for the fiscal year. For PMRS, the measurement period year-end is one year prior to the fiscal year-end.

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Non-Uniform Plan (Unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

Non-Uniform Pension Plan		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total pension liability																
Service cost	\$	79,456	\$	76,285	\$	76,507	\$	82,524	\$	61,181	\$	58,865	\$	56,130	\$	67,849
Interest		139,403		128,517		123,416		109,884		104,844		98,072		93,482		90,445
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experiences		-		32,797		-		167,916		-		84,419		-		(14,351)
Changes of assumptions		-		71,184		-		-		-		59,118		15,359		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(105,048)		(104,161)		(100,955)		(92,291)		(90,446)		(87,333)		(81,243)		(72,885)
Net change in total pension liability		113,811		204,622		98,968		268,033		75,579		213,141		83,728		71,058
Total pension liability - beginning		2,627,690		2,423,068		2,324,100		2,056,067		1,980,488		1,767,347		1,683,619		1,612,561
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	2,741,501	\$	2,627,690	\$	2,423,068	\$	2,324,100	\$	2,056,067	\$	1,980,488	\$	1,767,347	\$	1,683,619
Plan fiduciary net position																
Contributions - employer	\$	151,054	\$	128,315	\$	135,007	\$	95,174	\$	89,766	\$	87,598	\$	93,899	\$	92,743
Contributions - employee		´-		-		· -		· -		-		· -		· -		· -
Contributions - PMRS assessment		-		-		-		-		-		-		320		-
Net investment income		363,520		308,741		370,056		(71,621)		265,212		93,888		(18,929)		(70,014)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(105,048)		(104,161)		(100,955)		(92,291)		(90,446)		(87,333)		(81,243)		(72,885)
Administrative expenses		(7,066)		(4,782)		(3,549)		(4,162)		(4,072)		(4,286)		(2,962)		(3,419)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		402,460		328,113		400,559		(72,900)		260,460		89,867		(8,915)		(53,575)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,411,108		2,082,995		1,682,436		1,755,336		1,494,876		1,405,009		1,413,924		1,467,499
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	2,813,568	\$	2,411,108	\$	2,082,995	\$	1,682,436	\$	1,755,336	\$	1,494,876	\$	1,405,009	\$	1,413,924
Borough's net pension (asset)/ liability - ending (a-b)	\$	(72,067)	\$	216,582	\$	340,073	\$	641,664	\$	300,731	\$	485,612	\$	362,338	\$	269,695
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		102.6%		91.8%		86.0%		72.4%		85.4%		75.5%		79.5%		84.0%
Covered payroll	¢	410,247	¢	397,613	¢	398,773	¢	402,472	¢	298,385	¢	274,271	¢	263,041	¢	325,027
Covered payron Borough's net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of covered payroll	Ф	(17.6)%	Ф	54.5%		85.3%	Ф	402,472 159.4%		100.8%	Ф	177.1%	Ф	137.7%	Ф	83.0%
Notes																

Notes

This schedule will be expanded to show multi-year trends as information becomes available in the future.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement period year-end that was used for the fiscal year. For PMRS, the measurement period year-end is one year prior to the fiscal year-end.

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employers Contributions - Pension Plan **Last 10 Fiscal Years**

Police													
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017		2016	2015		2014
Actuarially determined contributions Contribution in relation to the	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
actuarially determined contributions	_	20	 20	 -	 20	 -	_	40	_	-	 -	_	462
Contribution excess (deficiency)	\$	(20)	\$ (20)	\$ -	\$ (20)	\$ -	\$	(40)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(462)
Covered payroll		N/A	\$ 478,471	\$ 454,573	\$ 425,126	\$ 383,353	\$	291,937	\$	203,808	\$ 218,600	\$	278,611
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll			0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.01%		0.00%	0.00%		0.17%
Non-Uniform													
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017		2016	2015		2014
Actuarially determined contributions Contribution in relation to the	\$	155,130	\$ 151,054	\$ 128,315	\$ 134,987	\$ 95,174	\$	89,726	\$	87,578	\$ 94,219	\$	92,683
actuarially determined contributions		155,130	151,054	128,315	135,007	95,174		89,766		87,598	94,219		92,743
actuarially determined contributions Contribution excess (deficiency)	\$	155,130	\$ 151,054	\$ 128,315	\$ 135,007	\$ 95,174	\$	89,766 (40)	\$	87,598 (20)	\$ 94,219	\$	92,743 (60)
	\$	155,130 - N/A	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$			\$	

NOTES

Valuation Date:

Actuarial determined contributions rates are calculated as of January 1 for the odd valuation year at least two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions were reported.

Methods and Assumptions used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization period Level dollar based on amortization period Act 205

Asset valuation method Based upon municipal reserves

Discount rate 5.25% Inflation 2.80%

Salary increases Age related scale with merit and inflation component

COLA increases 2.8% for those eligible for COLA

Pre-retirement mortality Males – RP-2000 with one-year setback

Females-RP-2000 with five-year setback

Post-retirement mortality Sex-distinct RP-2000 combined healthy mortality

Historical change in assumptions:

2015- Assumption changes reflect the liability impact of the Board of Trustees approved changes as of December 31, 2016.

2016 - Investment return assumption was decreased from 5.5% to 5.25%.

2020 – Assumption changes reflect the liability impact of the Board of Trustees approved changes as of December 31, 2022.

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited) Last 10 Fiscal Years

Other Postemployment Benefit Plan	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost \$	5,234	\$ 4,738	\$ 4,611	\$ 1,781	\$	1,733
Interest	1,669	1,888	1,698	1,601		1,496
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	2,969	-		-
Differences between expected and actual experiences	(3,233)	-	(2,860)	-		-
Changes of assumptions	(3,032)	-	1,051	-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(6,107)	(129)	(63)	 (52)	_	(25)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(5,469)	6,497	7,406	3,330		3,204
Total OPEB liability - beginning	64,753	58,256	 50,850	47,520		44,316
Total OPEB liability - ending	59,284	\$ 64,753	\$ 58,256	\$ 50,850	\$	47,520
Covered payroll Borough's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered	456,875	\$ 449,245	\$ 449,245	\$ 225,988	\$	225,988
payroll	13.0%	14.4%	13.0%	22.5%		21.0%

NOTES

Methods and Assumptions used to Determine Total OPEB Liability:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Investment rate of return 2.75% Salary 2.75%

Mortality 2010 Public Retirement Plan – Public Safety mortality

tables (PubS-2010)

Mortality improvement Projected from the year 2020 with rates derived from the

Long-range Demographic Assumptions for the 2020 Social Security Administration's Trustee REport.

Withdrawal Rates based on services as follows:

Years of Service	Rate
< 4	10%
5	5%
6 - 8	4%
9+	3%

Retirement age Age 50 with 12 years of service; 100% of participants are

assumed to enter DROP at first eligibility and remain in

the DROP for three years.

Participation 100% of eligible retirees are assumed to receive the full

\$ 500 reimbursement throughout the eligibility period. Retirees not currently receiving the reimbursement are

not assumed to opt in at a later date.

Historical change in assumptions:

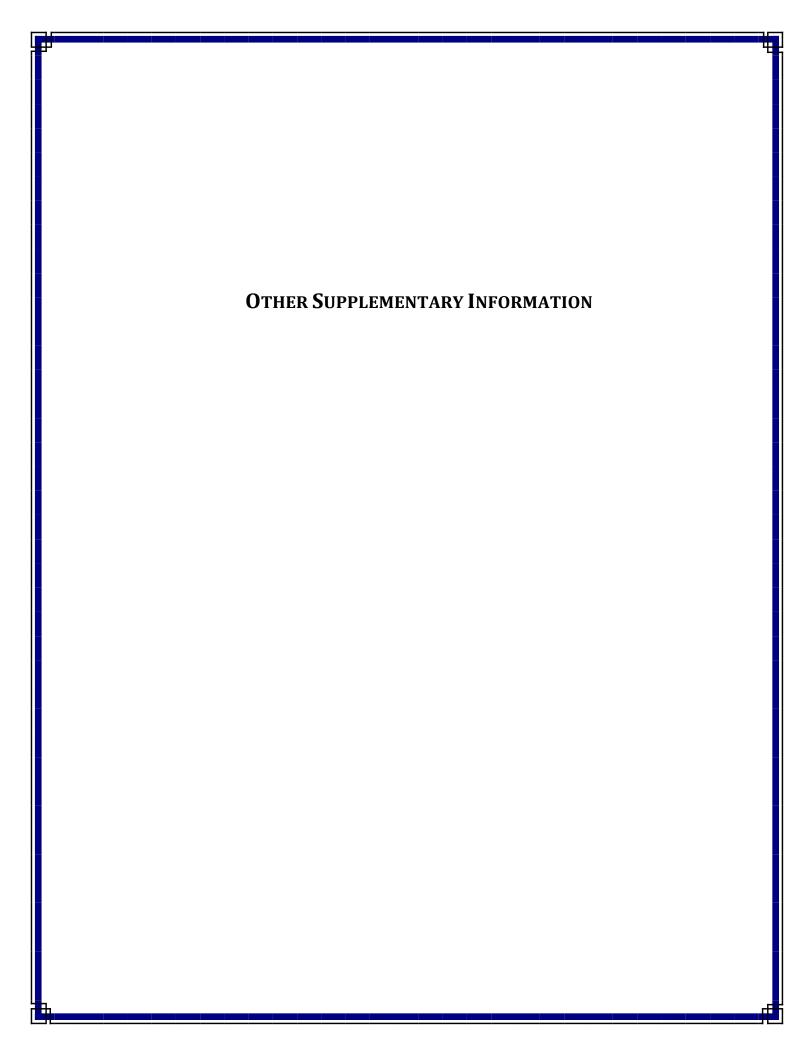
2020- Assumed discount rate reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

2022 - Assumed discount rate reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%

Historical change in benefits:

2020- Eligibility was expanded to apply to all officers. (Previously only those hired before 1/1/2017 were eligible.)

This schedule will be expanded to show multi-year trends as information becomes available in the future.



BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG Combining Statement of Net Position – Sewer Fund and Municipal Authority December 31, 2022

		Sewer		Municipal Authority	Eli	iminations	Total
ASSETS							_
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	307,838	\$	199,939	\$	- \$	507,777
Accounts receivable, net		242,042		-		-	242,042
Leases receivable		-		43,093		(43,093)	-
Prepaid expenses		3,581	_				3,581
Total assets		553,461	_	243,032		(43,093)	753,400
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Construction in progress		2,934,757		-		-	2,934,757
Land		-		39,532		-	39,532
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and system		1,611,930		-		-	1,611,930
Equipment		215,221		-		-	215,221
Sewer plant		-		7,431,425		-	7,431,425
Vehicles		44,854		-		-	44,854
Right-to-use asset - equipment		2,474		-		-	2,474
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(298,668)		(4,642,910)		-	(4,941,578)
Net pension asset		11,063		-		-	11,063
Leases receivable				273,618		(273,618)	
Restricted cash		3,572,658	_				3,572,658
Total noncurrent assets		8,094,289	_	3,101,665		(273,618)	10,922,336
Total assets		8,647,750		3,344,697		(316,711)	11,675,736
Total assets		0,047,730	_	3,344,077	-	(310,711)	11,073,730
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to pension liability		35,737		-		-	35,737
Tatal assets and deformed antiform							<u> </u>
Total assets and deferred outflows	_		_		_		
of resources	\$	8,683,487	\$	3,344,697	\$	(316,711) \$	11,711,473
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	136,070	\$	_	\$	- \$	136,070
Accrued wages payable		2,544		_	·	<u>-</u>	2,544
Accrued interest payable		52,283		_		_	52,283
Due to other funds		2,304,354		_		_	2,304,354
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year		, ,					, ,
Bonds and notes payable, net		193,521		_		-	193,521
Compensated absences		16,542		-		-	16,542
Lease obligations		532		-		-	532
Total current liabilities		2,705,846	_	_			2,705,846
			_				
Noncurrent liabilities							
Long-term liabilities: Due in more than one year							
Bonds and notes payable, net		6,372,815		-		-	6,372,815
Compensated absences		16,542		-		-	16,542
Lease obligations		1,432	_				1,432
Total noncurrent liabilities		6,390,789	_			<u> </u>	6,390,789
Total liabilities		9,096,635					9,096,635
Total Habilities	-	7,070,033	_				7,070,033
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows related to pension liability		93,708		-		-	93,708
Deferred inflows related to lease obligations		-		309,068		(309,068)	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		93,708	_	309,068		(309,068)	93,708
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		9,190,343	_	309,068		(309,068)	9,190,343
		-,-,0,010	_	203,000		(237,000)	-,2-0,010
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		151,975		2,828,047		-	2,980,022
Unrestricted		(658,831)	_	207,582		(7,643)	(458,892)
Total net position		(506,856)		3,035,629		(7,643)	2,521,130
The ballion block of the second of the secon							
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		0.600.405		2 244 425	<i>(</i>	246 5443 +	44 544 450
resources, and net position	\$	8,683,487	\$	3,344,697	(316,711) \$	11,711,473

BOROUGH OF ORWIGSBURG

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Sewer Fund and Municipal Authority

Year Ended December 31, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES	Sewer	Municipal Authority	Eliminations	Total
Charges for services \$	872,986	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 872,986
Total operating revenues	872,986	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	872,986
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personal services	68,802	13,651	-	82,453
Contractual and professional services	65,447	4,500	-	69,947
Maintenance	57,227	15,460	-	72,687
Supplies and administrative expense	62,338	204	-	62,542
Insurance premiums	8,698	-	-	8,698
Utilities	54,834	-	-	54,834
Depreciation	62,931	144,590		207,521
Total operating expenses	380,277	178,405		558,682
Operating income (loss)	492,709	(178,405)		314,304
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest earnings	71,369	47	-	71,416
Other nonoperating revenues	425		1,000	1,425
Gain/(loss) on sale of capital assets	-	(320,163)	-	(320,163)
Intergovernmental revenues (expenses)	(50,400)	59,043	(8,643)	-
Bad debt expense	(4,000)	-	-	(4,000)
Interest expense	(242,563)	-	-	(242,563)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(225,169)	(261,073)	(7,643)	(493,885)
Income (loss) before transfers	267,540	(439,478)	(7,643)	(179,581)
Transfers in	2,028,208	_	_	2,028,208
Transfers out	(2,064,878)			(2,064,878)
Change in net position	230,870	(439,478)	(7,643)	(216,251)
Total net position - beginning	(737,726)	3,475,107	-	2,737,381
Total net position - ending	(506,856)	\$ 3,035,629	\$ (7,643)	\$ 2,521,130